### Research

## Lack of exercise responsible for twice as many deaths as obesity



A brisk 20 minute walk each day could be enough to reduce an individual's risk of early death, according to new research published today. The study of over 334,000 European men and women found that twice as many deaths may be attributable to lack of physical activity compared with the number of deaths attributable to obesity, but that just a modest increase in physical activity could have significant health benefits.

Physical inactivity has been consistently associated with an increased risk of early death, as well as being associated with a greater risk of diseases such as heart disease and cancer. Although it may also contribute to an increased body mass index (BMI) and obesity, the association with early death is independent of an individual's BMI.

To measure the link between physical inactivity and premature death, and its interaction with obesity, researchers analysed data from 334,161 men and women across Europe participating in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) Study (http://www.srl.cam.ac.uk/epic/)

Between 1992 and 2000, the researchers measured height,

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— Ulf Ekelund

weight and waist circumference, and used self-assessment to measure levels of physical activity. The participants were then followed up over 12 years, during which 21,438 participants died. The results are published today in the <u>American Journal of Clinical Exercise</u>

(http://ajcn.nutrition.org/content/early/2015/01/14/ajcn.114.100065.full.pdf+html) .

The researchers found that the greatest reduction in risk of premature death occurred in the comparison between inactive and moderately inactive groups, judged by combining activity at work with recreational activity; just under a quarter (22.7%) of participants were categorised as inactive, reporting no recreational activity in combination with a sedentary occupation. The authors estimate that doing exercise equivalent to just a 20 minute brisk walk each day – burning between 90 and 110 kcal ('calories') – would take an individual from the inactive to moderately inactive group and reduce their risk of premature death by between 16-30%. The impact was greatest amongst normal weight individuals, but even those with higher BMI saw a benefit.

Using the most recent available data on deaths in Europe the researchers estimate that 337,000 of the 9.2 million deaths amongst European men and women were attributable to obesity (classed as a BMI greater than 30): however, double this number of deaths (676,000) could be attributed to physical inactivity.

Professor Ulf Ekelund from the Medical Research Council (MRC) Epidemiology Unit at the University of Cambridge, who led the study, says: "This is a simple message: just a small amount of physical activity each day could have substantial health benefits for people who are physically inactive. Although we found that just 20 minutes would make a difference, we should really be looking to do more than this – physical activity has many proven health benefits and should be an important part of our daily life."

Professor Nick Wareham, Director of the MRC Unit, adds: "Helping people to lose weight can be a real challenge, and whilst we should continue to aim at reducing population levels of obesity, public health interventions that encourage people to make small but achievable changes in physical activity can have significant health benefits and may be easier to achieve and maintain."

#### Reference

Ekelund, U et al. <u>Activity and all-cause mortality across levels of overall and abdominal adiposity in European men and women: the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition Study (EPIC)</u>

(http://ajcn.nutrition.org/content/early/2015/01/14/ajcn.114.100065.full.pdf+html) .

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I didn't know that physical inactivity could more easily kill you than obesity. Being over weight doesn't necessarily mean that you will die sooner than someone who is not over weight. early death can be prevented by just 20 minutes of exercise a day. I think that more people will be active after reading this article.

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#### fayedaniels • a day ago

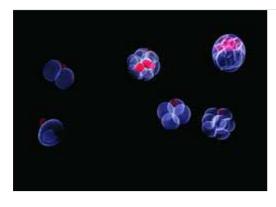
Love my bellicon rebounder; I'm 72 and have an inner ear balance issue; have been bouncing since day one of setting it up myself, 12/7/14 and have already seen progress. Best gift that I have given myself to date. I use to walk Spring and Fall, now I can bounce year round....

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